

## SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

### Operator protection:

Engineering control of operator exposure must be used where reasonably practicable in addition to the following personal protective equipment:

WEAR SUITABLE PROTECTIVE CLOTHING (COVERALLS), SUITABLE PROTECTIVE GLOVES AND FACE PROTECTION (FACESHIELD) when handling the concentrate.

However, engineering controls may replace personal protective equipment if a COSHH assessment shows they provide an equal or higher standard of protection.

DO NOT BREATHE SPRAY.

WHEN USING DO NOT EAT, DRINK OR SMOKE.

WASH HANDS AND EXPOSED SKIN before eating and drinking or smoking and after work.

IF YOU FEEL UNWELL, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible).

### Environmental protection:

Do not contaminate water with the product or its container. Do not clean application equipment near surface water. Avoid contamination via drains from yards and roads.

### Storage and disposal:

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

KEEP AWAY FROM FOOD, DRINK AND ANIMAL FEEDING STUFFS.

KEEP IN ORIGINAL CONTAINER, tightly closed, in a safe place.

WASH OUT CONTAINER THOROUGHLY, empty washings into spray tank and dispose of safely.

DO NOT RE-USE CONTAINER for any purpose.

## PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY

SHAKE WELL BEFORE USE.

PROTECT FROM FROST.

Pack size: 2.0 Litres e

This label is compliant with the CPA Voluntary Initiative Guidance (UK only).



# Praxys®



Product Registration Number: MAPP 13912/PCS No. 03510  
An emulsifiable concentrate containing 144 g/litre (13.85% w/w) fluroxypyr-methyl (100 g/litre acid equivalent), 80 g/litre (7.69% w/w) clopyralid and 2.5 g/litre (0.24% w/w) florasulam.

A post-emergence herbicide for use on MANAGED AMENITY TURF, including lawns, and AMENITY GRASSLAND for the control of DAISY, DANDELION, CLOVER, BUTTERCUP, RIBWORT PLANTAIN and other broad-leaved weeds.

# everris.



**Product Identifier according to Art. 18 of Reg. (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP):** Praxys®; Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, aromatics, <1% naphthalene

### DANGER

**MAY BE FATAL IF SWALLOWED AND ENTERS AIRWAYS.**

**CAUSES SKIN IRRITATION.**

**CAUSES SERIOUS EYE IRRITATION.**

**HARMFUL IF INHALED.**

**VERY TOXIC TO AQUATIC LIFE WITH LONG LASTING EFFECTS.**

Wear protective gloves/clothing/eye/face protection.

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician.

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Do NOT induce vomiting.

Dispose of contents/container to a licensed waste disposal contractor or collection site except for empty clean triple rinsed containers which can be disposed of as non-hazardous waste.

**TO AVOID RISKS TO HUMAN HEALTH AND THE ENVIRONMENT, COMPLY WITH THE INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE.**

MAPP 13912/PCS No. 03510

## IMPORTANT INFORMATION

FOR USE ONLY AS AN HORTICULTURAL HERBICIDE

Situation	Maximum Individual Dose	Maximum Number of Applications
Managed amenity turf, lawn, amenity grassland	2.0 litres product per hectare	One per year

**Read the label before use. Using this product in a manner that is inconsistent with the label may be an offence. Follow the Code of Practice for Using Plant Protection Products.**

## READ DIRECTIONS FOR USE ON ATTACHED LEAFLET.

Manufactured and Registered by:

**Dow AgroSciences Limited**

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**TRIPLE RINSE CONTAINER, PUNCTURE AND INVERT TO DRY AT TIME OF USE**

The (COSHH) Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations may apply to the use of this product at work (UK only).



P 0 0 3 6 8 3 2 0 1 6 0 8



## DIRECTIONS FOR USE

**IMPORTANT:** This information is approved as part of the Product Label. All instructions within this section must be read carefully in order to obtain safe and successful use of this product.

### GENERAL INFORMATION

PRAXYS® herbicide has activity against a range of broad-leaved weeds. The ideal timing for application is when the weeds are small and actively growing.

### NOTES

Broad-leaved weeds not present at application will not be controlled.  
An interval of four weeks must elapse between application of PRAXYS and re-seeding turf.  
Do not use any plant material treated with PRAXYS for composting or mulching.  
Do not apply if turfgrass is wet.  
Do not apply to turf, lawns or grass areas which are under stress.  
Do not apply if night temperatures are low, if ground frost is imminent, or in periods of prolonged cold or dry weather. Ensure weeds are actively growing as after periods of prolonged drought, weeds can take a long time to start actively growing again after soil moisture returns.  
Take extreme care to avoid drift onto crops and non-target plants, e.g. trees, shrubs, bedding, outside the target area.

### RESISTANCE

PRAXYS contains active ingredients with differing modes of action and the risk of resistance building is therefore reduced. However as florasulam is an ALS inhibitor there is a risk of resistance building to this active ingredient and so precautions should be taken to minimise the risk. Therefore, avoid using single mode of action herbicides, such as ALS inhibitors in the same field over a number of years. Users are advised to apply products containing herbicides with different modes of action or use sequences or tank mixtures where two or more components are active against the target weeds.

### AREA OF USE

PRAXYS can be applied to established managed amenity turf, including lawns, and amenity grassland.

PRAXYS has been tested for selectivity on the following range of turf grass species:

Annual meadow-grass	Perennial ryegrass
Chewings fescue	Smooth-stalked meadow-grass
Creeping bent	Rough stalked bluegrass

In view of the large number of turf grass cultivars grown consult manufacturer for current approved list or test PRAXYS for turf safety on a small area of turf before overall application.

### APPLICATION TIMING

Apply when weeds are in active growth normally from March to October when the soil is moist. Do not apply in periods of drought unless irrigation is applied. Avoid mowing 3 days before and after spraying to ensure sufficient weed leaf surface is present and to allow uptake and movement of PRAXYS within the weed.

### RATE OF APPLICATION AND WEEDS CONTROLLED

One application of PRAXYS will control susceptible emerged weeds at the following rates:

Weed	Rate L product/ha	Rate mL product/100 m <sup>2</sup>
Bird's-foot trefoil <sup>1</sup>	1.0	10
Black medick		
Bristly oxtongue		
Common cat's ear		
Creeping cinquefoil		
Sorrel	1.5	15
White clover		
Common daisy		
Common dandelion		
Common mouse-ear	2.0	20
Greater plantain		
Creeping buttercup		
Ribwort plantain		
Self heal		
Slender speedwell		

<sup>1</sup>Moderate control only.

### WATER VOLUME

For overall application apply PRAXYS in 200 litres of water per hectare. For knapsack application apply PRAXYS in 2 litres of water per 100 m<sup>2</sup>.

### APPLICATION EQUIPMENT

PRAXYS may be applied through tractor-mounted hydraulic sprayers or knapsack sprayers providing they are in good working order and have been calibrated according to the manufacturers' recommendations.

Do not apply through CDA applicators.

### MIXING

Half fill the spray tank with water and add the required amount of PRAXYS. Fill up the spray tank, agitating continuously to ensure thorough mixing, and maintain agitation until spraying is complete. Use only clean water for mixing.

### SPRAY QUALITY

Apply PRAXYS as a MEDIUM spray as defined by the BCPC system.

### TANK CLEANING

To avoid subsequent injury to crops other than managed amenity turf, lawns and amenity grassland, all spraying equipment must be thoroughly cleaned both inside and out, using All Clear Extra spray cleaner as follows:

1. Immediately after spraying, drain tank completely. Any contamination on the outside of the spraying equipment should be removed by washing with clean water.
2. Rinse inside of tank with clean water and flush through booms and hoses using at least one tenth of the spray tank volume. Drain tank completely.
3. Half fill tank with clean water and add All Clear Extra at the recommended rate. Agitate and then briefly flush the booms and hoses with the cleaning solution. Top up with water making sure the tank is completely full and allow to stand for 15 minutes with agitation. Flush the booms and hoses and drain tank completely.
4. Nozzles and filters should be removed and cleaned separately with All Clear Extra solution containing 50 ml of All Clear Extra per 10 litres of water.
5. Rinse the tank with clean water and flush through the booms and hoses using at least one tenth of the spray tank volume. Drain tank completely.
6. For disposal of washings, follow The Code of Practice for Using Plant Protection Products. Do not spray onto sensitive crop or land intended for cropping with sensitive crop.

**Note:** If it is not possible to drain the tank completely, step 3 must be repeated before going onto step 4.

### Dow AgroSciences Conditions of Supply

All goods supplied by us are of high grade and we believe them to be suitable but, as we cannot exercise control over their storage, handling, mixing or use, or the weather conditions before, during or after application which may affect the performance of the goods, all conditions and warranties, statutory or otherwise, as to the quality or fitness for any purpose of our goods are excluded. No responsibility will be accepted by us or re-sellers for any failure in performance, damage or injury whatsoever arising from their storage, handling, application or use. These conditions cannot be varied by our staff or agents whether or not they supervise or assist in the use of such goods.

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This Safety Data Sheet does not form part of the approved product label.

**SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING****1.1 Product identifier****Product name:** PRAXYS Herbicide**1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**  
**Identified uses:** Plant Protection Product**1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet****COMPANY IDENTIFICATION**DOW AGROSCIENCES LIMITED  
LATCHMORE COURT  
BRAND STREET  
HITCHIN  
England  
SG5 1NH  
UNITED KINGDOM**Customer Information Number:**[SDSQuestion@dow.com](mailto:SDSQuestion@dow.com)**1.4 EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER****24-Hour Emergency Contact:** 0031 115 694 982**Local Emergency Contact:** 00 31 115 69 4982**SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION****2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture****Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:**

Acute toxicity - Category 4 - Inhalation - H332

Skin irritation - Category 2 - H315

Eye irritation - Category 2 - H319

Aspiration toxicity - Category 1 - H304

Acute aquatic toxicity - Category 1 - H400

Chronic aquatic toxicity - Category 1 - H410

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

**2.2 Label elements****Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:****Hazard pictograms****Signal word: DANGER****Hazard statements**

H332 Harmful if inhaled.  
 H315 Causes skin irritation.  
 H319 Causes serious eye irritation.  
 H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.  
 H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements**

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.  
 P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.  
 P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.  
 P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.  
 P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.  
 P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.  
 P501 Dispose of contents/container to a licensed hazardous-waste disposal contractor or collection site except for empty clean containers which can be disposed of as non-hazardous waste.

**Supplemental information**

EUH401 To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions for use.

**Contains**

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, aromatics, &lt;1% naphthalene

**2.3 Other hazards**

No data available

**SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS****3.2 Mixtures**

This product is a mixture.

CASRN / EC-No. / Index-No.	REACH Registration Number	Concentration	Component	Classification: REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008
CASRN 81406-37-3 EC-No. 279-752-9 Index-No. 607-272-00-5	–	13.9%	fluoroxypypr-meptyl (ISO)	Aquatic Acute - 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic - 1 - H410

CASRN / EC-No. / Index-No.	REACH Registration Number	Concentration	Component	Classification: REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008
CASRN 1702-17-6 EC-No. 216-935-4 Index-No. 607-231-00-1	–	7.7%	clopyralid (ISO)	Eye Dam. - 1 - H318
CASRN 145701-23-1 EC-No. Not available Index-No. 613-230-00-7	–	0.2%	Florasulam (ISO)	Aquatic Acute - 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic - 1 - H410
CASRN not available EC-No. 922-153-0 Index-No. –	01-2119451097-39	> 40.0 - < 50.0 %	Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, aromatics, <1% naphthalene	Asp. Tox. - 1 - H304 Aquatic Chronic - 2 - H411
CASRN 1118-92-9 EC-No. 214-272-5 Index-No. –	–	> 10.0 - < 20.0 %	N,N-Dimethyloctanamide	Skin Irrit. - 2 - H315 Eye Dam. - 1 - H318
CASRN 26264-06-2 EC-No. 247-557-8 Index-No. –	01-2119560592-37	< 5.0 %	Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, calcium salt	Acute Tox. - 4 - H302 Skin Irrit. - 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. - 2 - H319
CASRN Not Available EC-No. 918-811-1 Index-No. –	01-2119463583-34	< 5.0 %	Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene	STOT SE - 3 - H336 Asp. Tox. - 1 - H304 Aquatic Chronic - 2 - H411
CASRN 91-20-3 EC-No. 202-049-5 Index-No. 601-052-00-2	–	< 1.0 %	Naphthalene	Acute Tox. - 4 - H302 Carc. - 2 - H351 Aquatic Acute - 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic - 1 - H410

If present in this product, any classified components disclosed above for which no country specific OEL value(s) is(are) indicated under Section 8, are being disclosed as voluntarily disclosed components.  
For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

## SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

**General advice:** First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection and use the recommended protective clothing (chemical resistant gloves, splash protection). If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific personal protective equipment.

**Inhalation:** Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call an emergency responder or ambulance, then give artificial respiration; if by mouth to mouth use rescuer protection (pocket mask etc). Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. If breathing is difficult, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel.

**Skin contact:** Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

**Eye contact:** Hold eyes open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eyes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. Suitable emergency eye wash facility should be available in work area.

**Ingestion:** Immediately call a poison control center or doctor. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give any liquid to the person. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

**4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:** Aside from the information found under Description of first aid measures (above) and Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed (below), any additional important symptoms and effects are described in Section 11: Toxicology Information.

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**Notes to physician:** Excessive exposure may aggravate preexisting asthma and other respiratory disorders (e.g. emphysema, bronchitis, reactive airways dysfunction syndrome). Maintain adequate ventilation and oxygenation of the patient. May cause asthma-like (reactive airways) symptoms. Bronchodilators, expectorants, antitussives and corticosteroids may be of help. Respiratory symptoms, including pulmonary edema, may be delayed. Persons receiving significant exposure should be observed 24-48 hours for signs of respiratory distress. If lavage is performed, suggest endotracheal and/or esophageal control. Danger from lung aspiration must be weighed against toxicity when considering emptying the stomach. The decision of whether to induce vomiting or not should be made by a physician. No specific antidote. Treatment of exposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient. Have the Safety Data Sheet, and if available, the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.

## SECTION 5. FIRE/FIGHTING MEASURES

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

**Suitable extinguishing media:** Water fog or fine spray. Dry chemical fire extinguishers. Carbon dioxide fire extinguishers. Foam. Alcohol resistant foams (ATC type) are preferred. General purpose synthetic foams (including AFFF) or protein foams may function, but will be less effective.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media:** Do not use direct water stream. May spread fire.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

**Hazardous combustion products:** During a fire, smoke may contain the original material in addition to combustion products of varying composition which may be toxic and/or irritating. Combustion products may include and are not limited to: Sulfur oxides. Nitrogen oxides. Hydrogen fluoride. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide.

**Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:** Violent steam generation or eruption may occur upon application of direct water stream to hot liquids.

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

**Fire Fighting Procedures:** Keep people away. Isolate fire and deny unnecessary entry. Consider feasibility of a controlled burn to minimize environment damage. Foam fire extinguishing system is preferred because uncontrolled water can spread possible contamination. Use water spray to cool fire exposed containers and fire affected zone until fire is out and danger of reignition has passed. Burning liquids may be extinguished by dilution with water. Do not use direct water stream. May spread fire. Burning liquids may be moved by flushing with water to protect personnel and minimize property damage. Contain fire water run-off if possible. Fire water run-off, if not contained, may cause environmental damage. Review the "Accidental Release Measures" and the "Ecological Information" sections of this (M)SDS.

**Special protective equipment for firefighters:** Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective fire fighting clothing (includes fire fighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots, and gloves). Avoid contact with this material during fire fighting operations. If contact is likely, change to full chemical resistant fire fighting clothing with self-contained breathing apparatus. If this is not available, wear full chemical resistant clothing with self-contained breathing apparatus and fight fire from a remote location. For protective equipment in post-fire or non-fire clean-up situations, refer to the relevant sections.

## SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

**6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:** Isolate area. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering the area. Keep upwind of Spill. Ventilate area of leak or spill. Refer to section 7, Handling, for additional precautionary measures. Use appropriate safety equipment. For additional information, refer to Section 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection.

**6.2 Environmental precautions:** Prevent from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, waterways and/or groundwater. See Section 12, Ecological Information. Spills or discharge to natural waterways is likely to kill aquatic organisms.

**6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:** Contain spilled material if possible. Small spills: Absorb with materials such as: Clay. Dirt. Sand. Sweep up. Collect in suitable and properly labeled containers. Large spills: Contact Dow AgroSciences for clean-up assistance. See Section 13, Disposal Considerations, for additional information.

**6.4 Reference to other sections:** References to other sections, if applicable, have been provided in the previous sub-sections.

## SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**7.1 Precautions for safe handling:** Keep out of reach of children. Do not swallow. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep container closed. Use with adequate ventilation. See Section 8, EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION.

**7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:** Store in a dry place. Store in original container. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Do not store near food, foodstuffs, drugs or potable water supplies.

**7.3 Specific end use(s):** Refer to product label.

## SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### 8.1 Control parameters

Exposure limits are listed below, if they exist.

Component	Regulation	Type of listing	Value/Notation
fluoroxypyr-meptyl (ISO)	Dow IHG	TWA	10 mg/m3
clopyralid (ISO)	Dow IHG	TWA	10 mg/m3
Florasulam (ISO)	GB EH40		
Naphthalene	ACGIH	TWA	10 ppm
	ACGIH	TWA	Absorbed via skin
	Dow IHG	TWA	10 ppm
	Dow IHG	TWA	Absorbed via skin
	Dow IHG	STEL	15 ppm
	Dow IHG	STEL	Absorbed via skin
	91/322/EEC	TWA	50 mg/m3 10 ppm

RECOMMENDATIONS IN THIS SECTION ARE FOR MANUFACTURING, COMMERCIAL BLENDING AND PACKAGING WORKERS, APPLICATORS AND HANDLERS SHOULD SEE THE PRODUCT LABEL FOR PROPER PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND CLOTHING.

### 8.2 Exposure controls

**Engineering controls:** Use engineering controls to maintain airborne level below exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, use only with adequate ventilation. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary for some operations.

## Individual protection measures

**Eye/face protection:** Use chemical goggles. Chemical goggles should be consistent with EN 166 or equivalent.

### Skin protection

**Hand protection:** Use chemical resistant gloves classified under Standard EN374: Protective gloves against chemicals and micro-organisms. Examples of preferred glove barrier materials include: Polyethylene. Ethyl vinyl alcohol laminate ("EVAL"). Styrene/butadiene rubber. Viton. Examples of acceptable glove barrier materials include: Butyl rubber. Chlorinated polyethylene. Natural rubber ("latex"). Neoprene. Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR"). Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl"). When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 4 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 120 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with a protection class of 1 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 10 minutes according to EN 374) is recommended. NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier.

**Other protection:** Use protective clothing chemically resistant to this material. Selection of specific items such as face shield, boots, apron, or full body suit will depend on the task.

**Respiratory protection:** Respiratory protection should be worn when there is a potential to exceed the exposure limit requirements or guidelines. If there are no applicable exposure limit requirements or guidelines, use an approved respirator. Selection of air-purifying or positive-pressure supplied-air will depend on the specific operation and the potential airborne concentration of the material. For emergency conditions, use an approved positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use the following CE approved air-purifying respirator: Organic vapor cartridge with a particulate pre-filter, type AP2.

## Environmental exposure controls

See SECTION 7: Handling and storage and SECTION 13: Disposal considerations for measures to prevent excessive environmental exposure during use and waste disposal.

## SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

Physical state	Liquid.
Color	Yellow to brown
Odor	Aromatic
Odor Threshold	No test data available
pH	2.49 CIPAC MT 75 (1% aqueous suspension)

### Melting point/range

#### Freezing point

#### Boiling point (760 mmHg)

#### Flash point

#### Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1)

#### Flammability (solid, gas)

#### Lower explosion limit

#### Upper explosion limit

#### Vapor Pressure

#### Relative Vapor Density (air = 1)

#### Relative Density (water = 1)

1.0399 at 20 °C / 4 °C *Digital Density Meter (Oscillating Coil)*

No test data available

No data available

#### Water solubility

#### Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature none below 400 degC

Decomposition temperature No test data available

Kinematic Viscosity 7.8 cSt at 40 °C

Explosive properties No

Oxidizing properties No

### 9.2 Other information

Molecular weight No data available

Surface tension 36.1 mN/m at 25 °C

NOTE: The physical data presented above are typical values and should not be construed as a specification.

## SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**10.1 Reactivity:** No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

**10.2 Chemical stability:** Thermally stable at typical use temperatures.

**10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:** Polymerization will not occur.

**10.4 Conditions to avoid:** Some components of this product can decompose at elevated temperatures. Generation of gas during decomposition can cause pressure in closed systems.

**10.5 Incompatible materials:** Avoid contact with: Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizers.

**10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:** Decomposition products depend upon temperature, air supply and the presence of other materials. Decomposition products can include and are not limited to: Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide. Hydrogen fluoride. Nitrogen oxides. Sulfur oxides. Toxic gases are released during decomposition.

## SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

*Toxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.*

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

##### Acute oral toxicity

Low toxicity if swallowed. Small amounts swallowed incidentally as a result of normal handling operations are not likely to cause injury; however, swallowing larger amounts may cause injury.

As product:

LD50, Rat, 3,378 mg/kg Estimated.

##### Acute dermal toxicity

Prolonged skin contact is unlikely to result in absorption of harmful amounts.

As product:

LD50, Rat, male and female, > 5,000 mg/kg

##### Acute inhalation toxicity

Mist may cause severe irritation of the upper respiratory tract (nose and throat) and lungs. Prolonged excessive exposure to mist may cause serious adverse effects, even death. For narcotic effects: No relevant data found.

As product:

LC50, Rat, female, 4 Hour, dust/mist, 3.35 mg/l Estimated.

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Brief contact may cause moderate skin irritation with local redness. Effects may be slow to heal.

#### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

May cause moderate eye irritation.

May cause slight corneal injury.

#### Sensitization

Did not cause allergic skin reactions when tested in guinea pigs.

For respiratory sensitization:

No relevant data found.

#### Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Single Exposure)

Evaluation of available data suggests that this material is not an STOT-SE toxicant.

#### Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (Repeated Exposure)

For the major component(s):

In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs:

Lung.

Gastrointestinal tract.

Thyroid.

Urinary tract.

Dose levels producing these effects were many times higher than any dose levels expected from exposure due to use.  
For the minor component(s):  
In animals, effects have been reported on the following organs:  
Kidney.

#### Carcinogenicity

For the active ingredient(s): Did not cause cancer in laboratory animals.

#### Teratogenicity

Clopyralid caused birth defects in test animals, but only at greatly exaggerated doses that were severely toxic to the mothers. No birth defects were observed in animals given clopyralid at doses several times greater than those expected during normal exposure. For the active ingredient(s): Fluroxypyr 1-methylheptyl ester. Has been toxic to the fetus in laboratory animals at doses toxic to the mother.

#### Reproductive toxicity

In animal studies, active ingredient did not interfere with reproduction.

#### Mutagenicity

For the active ingredient(s): In vitro genetic toxicity studies were negative. Animal genetic toxicity studies were negative.

#### Aspiration Hazard

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

## SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

*Ecotoxicological information appears in this section when such data is available.*

### 12.1 Toxicity

#### Acute toxicity to fish

Material is very toxic to aquatic organisms (LC50/EC50/IC50 below 1 mg/L in the most sensitive species).

LC50, Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout), flow-through test, 96 Hour, 7.1 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 203 or Equivalent

#### Acute toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

EC50, Daphnia magna (Water flea), static test, 48 Hour, 6.9 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 202 or Equivalent

#### Acute toxicity to algae/aquatic plants

ErC50, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), 72 Hour, Biomass, 3.1 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 201 or Equivalent

ErC50, Lemna gibba, 7 d, Growth rate inhibition, 0.42 mg/l

ErC50, diatom Navicula sp., 72 Hour, Biomass, 1.7 mg/l, OECD Test Guideline 201 or Equivalent

#### Toxicity to Above Ground Organisms

Material is practically non-toxic to birds on an acute basis (LD50 > 2000 mg/kg).

oral LD50, Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail), > 2250mg/kg bodyweight.

oral LD50, Apis mellifera (bees), 48 Hour, > 86.7µg/bee

contact LD50, Apis mellifera (bees), 48 Hour, > 200µg/bee

#### Toxicity to soil-dwelling organisms

LC50, Eisenia fetida (earthworms), 14 d, 248.21 mg/kg

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

#### fluroxypyr-meptyl (ISO)

**Biodegradability:** Material is not readily biodegradable according to OECD/EEC guidelines.

10-day Window: Fail

**Biodegradation:** 32 %

**Exposure time:** 28 d

**Method:** OECD Test Guideline 301D or Equivalent

**Theoretical Oxygen Demand:** 2.2 mg/mg

**Stability in Water (1/2-life)**

, half-life, 454 d

#### clopyralid (ISO)

**Biodegradability:** Material is expected to biodegrade very slowly (in the environment).

Fails to pass OECD/EEC tests for ready biodegradability.

10-day Window: Fail

**Biodegradation:** 5 - 10 %

**Exposure time:** 28 d

**Method:** OECD Test Guideline 301B or Equivalent

**Theoretical Oxygen Demand:** 0.71 mg/mg

**Stability in Water (1/2-life)**

Hydrolysis, pH 4 - 9, Stable

#### Photodegradation

**Test Type:** Half-life (direct photolysis)

#### Florasulam (ISO)

**Biodegradability:** Material is expected to biodegrade very slowly (in the environment).

Fails to pass OECD/EEC tests for ready biodegradability.

10-day Window: Fail

**Biodegradation:** 2 %

**Exposure time:** 28 d

**Method:** OECD Test Guideline 301B or Equivalent

**Theoretical Oxygen Demand:** 0.85 mg/mg

**Biological oxygen demand (BOD)**

Incubation Time	BOD
	0.012 mg/mg

**Stability in Water (1/2-life)**

, > 30 d

#### Photodegradation

**Atmospheric half-life:** 1.82 Hour

**Method:** Estimated.

#### Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, aromatics, <1% naphthalene

**Biodegradability:** For similar material(s): Biodegradation may occur under aerobic conditions (in the presence of oxygen). Based on stringent OECD test guidelines, this material cannot be considered as readily biodegradable; however, these results do not necessarily mean that the material is not biodegradable under environmental conditions.

#### N,N-Dimethyloctanamide

**Biodegradability:** Material is readily biodegradable. Passes OECD test(s) for ready biodegradability.

10-day Window: Pass

**Biodegradation:** > 80 %

**Exposure time:** 28 d

**Method:** OECD Test Guideline 301F or Equivalent

#### Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, calcium salt

**Biodegradability:** For similar material(s): Material is readily biodegradable. Passes OECD test(s) for ready biodegradability.

10-day Window: Pass

**Biodegradation:** 95 %

**Exposure time:** 28 d

**Method:** OECD Test Guideline 301E or Equivalent

#### Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene

**Biodegradability:** Material is inherently biodegradable (reaches > 20% biodegradation in OECD test(s) for inherent biodegradability).

#### Naphthalene

**Biodegradability:** Material is expected to be readily biodegradable.

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

#### fluroxypyr-meptyl (ISO)

**Bioaccumulation:** Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).

**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow):** 5.04 Measured

**Bioconcentration factor (BCF):** 26 Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) Measured

#### clopyralid (ISO)

**Bioaccumulation:** Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).

**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow):** -2.63

**Bioconcentration factor (BCF):** < 1 Fish Measured

#### Florasulam (ISO)

**Bioaccumulation:** Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).

**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow):** -1.22

**Bioconcentration factor (BCF):** 0.8 Fish 28 d Measured

#### Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, aromatics, <1% naphthalene

**Bioaccumulation:** No data available for this product. For similar material(s): Bioconcentration potential is high (BCF > 3000 or Log Pow between 5 and 7).

#### N,N-Dimethyloctanamide

**Bioaccumulation:** Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF < 100 or Log Pow < 3).

**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow):** 2.59 at 23 °C

#### Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, calcium salt

**Bioaccumulation:** Bioconcentration potential is high (BCF > 3000 or Log Pow between 5 and 7).

**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow):** 6.78 estimated

#### Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene

**Bioaccumulation:** No data available for this product. For similar material(s): Bioconcentration potential is high (BCF > 3000 or Log Pow between 5 and 7).

#### Naphthalene

**Bioaccumulation:** Bioconcentration potential is moderate (BCF between 100 and 3000 or Log Pow between 3 and 5).

**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water(log Pow):** 3.3 Measured

**Bioconcentration factor (BCF):** 40 - 300 Fish 28 d Measured

#### **12.4 Mobility in soil**

##### fluoroxypyr-meptyl (ISO)

Expected to be relatively immobile in soil (Koc > 5000).

**Partition coefficient(Koc):** 6200 - 43000

##### clopyralid (ISO)

Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and 50).

**Partition coefficient(Koc):** 4.9

##### Florasulam (ISO)

Potential for mobility in soil is very high (Koc between 0 and 50).

**Partition coefficient(Koc):** 4 - 54

##### Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, aromatics, <1% naphthalene

No relevant data found.

##### N,N-Dimethyloctanamide

No relevant data found.

##### Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, calcium salt

No relevant data found.

##### Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene

No relevant data found.

##### Naphthalene

Potential for mobility in soil is medium (Koc between 150 and 500).

**Partition coefficient(Koc):** 240 - 1300 Measured

#### **12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment**

##### fluoroxypyr-meptyl (ISO)

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

##### clopyralid (ISO)

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

##### Florasulam (ISO)

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

##### Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, aromatics, <1% naphthalene

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

##### N,N-Dimethyloctanamide

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

##### Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, calcium salt

This substance has not been assessed for persistence, bioaccumulation and toxicity (PBT).

##### Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

##### Naphthalene

This substance has not been assessed for persistence, bioaccumulation and toxicity (PBT).

#### **12.6 Other adverse effects**

##### fluoroxypyr-meptyl (ISO)

This substance is not in Annex I of Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer.

##### clopyralid (ISO)

This substance is not in Annex I of Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer.

##### Florasulam (ISO)

This substance is not in Annex I of Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer.

##### Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, aromatics, <1% naphthalene

This substance is not in Annex I of Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer.

##### N,N-Dimethyloctanamide

This substance is not in Annex I of Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer.

##### Benzenesulfonic acid, dodecyl-, calcium salt

This substance is not in Annex I of Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer.

##### Hydrocarbons, C10, aromatics, <1% naphthalene

This substance is not in Annex I of Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer.

##### Naphthalene

This substance is not in Annex I of Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer.

## **SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

### **13.1 Waste treatment methods**

If wastes and/or containers cannot be disposed of according to the product label directions, disposal of this material must be in accordance with your local or area regulatory authorities. This information presented below only applies to the material as supplied. The identification based on characteristic(s) or listing may not apply if the material has been used or otherwise contaminated. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste identification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. If the material as supplied becomes a waste, follow all applicable regional, national and local laws.

The definitive assignment of this material to the appropriate EWC group and thus its proper EWC code will depend on the use that is made of this material. Contact the authorized waste disposal services.

## **SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

### **Classification for ROAD and Rail transport (ADR/RID):**

<b>14.1</b>	<b>UN number</b>	UN 3082
<b>14.2</b>	<b>Proper shipping name</b>	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.(Fluroxypyr, Clopyralid)
<b>14.3</b>	<b>Class</b>	9
<b>14.4</b>	<b>Packing group</b>	III
<b>14.5</b>	<b>Environmental hazards</b>	Fluroxypyr, Clopyralid
<b>14.6</b>	<b>Special precautions for user</b>	Hazard Identification Number: 90

### **Classification for SEA transport (IMO-IMDG):**

<b>14.1</b>	<b>UN number</b>	UN 3082
<b>14.2</b>	<b>Proper shipping name</b>	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.(Fluroxypyr, Clopyralid)
<b>14.3</b>	<b>Class</b>	9
<b>14.4</b>	<b>Packing group</b>	III
<b>14.5</b>	<b>Environmental hazards</b>	Fluroxypyr, Clopyralid
<b>14.6</b>	<b>Special precautions for user</b>	EmS: F-A, S-F

<b>14.7</b>	<b>Transport in bulk according to Annex I or II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC or IGC Code</b>	Consult IMO regulations before transporting ocean bulk
<b>Classification for AIR transport (IATA/ICAO):</b>		
<b>14.1</b>	<b>UN number</b>	UN 3082
<b>14.2</b>	<b>Proper shipping name</b>	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.(Fluroxyppyr, Clopyralid)
<b>14.3</b>	<b>Class</b>	9
<b>14.4</b>	<b>Packing group</b>	III
<b>14.5</b>	<b>Environmental hazards</b>	Not applicable
<b>14.6</b>	<b>Special precautions for user</b>	No data available.

This information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory or operational requirements/information relating to this product. Transportation classifications may vary by container volume and may be influenced by regional or country variations in regulations. Additional transportation system information can be obtained through an authorized sales or customer service representative. It is the responsibility of the transporting organization to follow all applicable laws, regulations and rules relating to the transportation of the material.

## SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

This product contains only components that have been either pre-registered, registered, are exempt from registration, are regarded as registered or are not subject to registration according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH). The aforementioned indications of the REACH registration status are provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. It is the buyer's/user's responsibility to ensure that his/her understanding of the regulatory status of this product is correct.

#### Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.

Listed in Regulation: ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Number in Regulation: E1

100 t

200 t

#### Other regulations

Registration Number: MAPP 13912

### 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

For proper and safe use of this product, please refer to the approval conditions laid down on the product label.

## SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

### Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.

H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute Tox. - 4 - H332 - On basis of test data.  
 Skin Irrit. - 2 - H315 - On basis of test data.  
 Eye Irrit. - 2 - H319 - On basis of test data.  
 Asp. Tox. - 1 - H304 - Calculation method  
 Aquatic Acute - 1 - H400 - On basis of test data.  
 Aquatic Chronic - 1 - H410 - On basis of test data.

#### Revision

Identification Number: 101189121 / A293 / Issue Date: 22.09.2015 / Version: 3.2

DAS Code: GF-1374

Most recent revision(s) are noted by the bold, double bars in left-hand margin throughout this document.

#### Legend

91/322/EEC	Europe. Commission Directive 91/322/EEC on establishing indicative limit values
Absorbed via skin	Absorbed via skin
ACGIH	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
Dow IHG	Dow Industrial Hygiene Guideline
GB EH40	UK. EH40 WEL - Workplace Exposure Limits
STEL	Short term exposure limit
TWA	Time weighted average

#### Information Source and References

This SDS is prepared by Product Regulatory Services and Hazard Communications Groups from information supplied by internal references within our company.

DOW AGROSCIENCES LIMITED urges each customer or recipient of this (M)SDS to study it carefully and consult appropriate expertise, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this (M)SDS and any hazards associated

with the product. The information herein is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date shown above. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations. It is the buyer's/user's responsibility to ensure that his activities comply with all federal, state, provincial or local laws. The information presented here pertains only to the product as shipped. Since conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer, it is the buyer's/user's duty to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific (M)SDSs, we are not and cannot be responsible for (M)SDSs obtained from any source other than ourselves. If you have obtained an (M)SDS from another source or if you are not sure that the (M)SDS you have is current, please contact us for the most current version.



## SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

### Operator protection:

Engineering control of operator exposure must be used where reasonably practicable in addition to the following personal protective equipment:

WEAR SUITABLE PROTECTIVE CLOTHING (COVERALLS), SUITABLE PROTECTIVE GLOVES AND FACE PROTECTION (FACESHIELD) when handling the concentrate.

However, engineering controls may replace personal protective equipment if a COSHH assessment shows they provide an equal or higher standard of protection.

DO NOT BREATHE SPRAY.

WHEN USING DO NOT EAT, DRINK OR SMOKE.

WASH HANDS AND EXPOSED SKIN before eating and drinking or smoking and after work.

IF YOU FEEL UNWELL, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible).

### Environmental protection:

Do not contaminate water with the product or its container. Do not clean application equipment near surface water. Avoid contamination via drains from yards and roads.

### Storage and disposal:

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

KEEP AWAY FROM FOOD, DRINK AND ANIMAL FEEDING STUFFS.

KEEP IN ORIGINAL CONTAINER, tightly closed, in a safe place.

WASH OUT CONTAINER THOROUGHLY, empty washings into spray tank and dispose of safely.

DO NOT RE-USE CONTAINER for any purpose.

**PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY**

**SHAKE WELL BEFORE USE.**

**PROTECT FROM FROST.**

Pack size: 2.0 Litres e

This label is compliant with the CPA Voluntary Initiative Guidance (UK only).



# Praxys<sup>®</sup>



Product Registration Number: MAPP 13912/PCS No. 03510

An emulsifiable concentrate containing 144 g/litre (13.85% w/w) floxypyr-meptyl (100 g/litre acid equivalent), 80 g/litre (7.69% w/w) clopyralid and 2.5 g/litre (0.24% w/w) florasulam.

A post-emergence herbicide for use on **MANAGED AMENITY TURF**, including lawns, and **AMENITY GRASSLAND** for the control of **DAISY, DANDELION, CLOVER, BUTTERCUP, RIBWORT PLANTAIN** and other broad-leaved weeds.

# everris.



Product Identifier according to Art.18 of Reg. (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP): Praxys<sup>®</sup>; Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, aromatics, <1% naphthalene

### DANGER

**MAY BE FATAL IF SWALLOWED AND ENTERS AIRWAYS.**

**CAUSES SKIN IRRITATION.**

**CAUSES SERIOUS EYE IRRITATION.**

**HARMFUL IF INHALED.**

**VERY TOXIC TO AQUATIC LIFE WITH LONG LASTING EFFECTS.**

Wear protective gloves/clothing/eye/face protection.

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician.

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Do NOT induce vomiting.

Dispose of contents/container to a licensed waste disposal contractor or collection site except for empty clean triple rinsed containers which can be disposed of as non-hazardous waste.

**TO AVOID RISKS TO HUMAN HEALTH AND THE ENVIRONMENT, COMPLY WITH THE INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE.**

MAPP 13912/PCS No. 03510

## IMPORTANT INFORMATION

FOR USE ONLY AS AN HORTICULTURAL HERBICIDE

Situation	Maximum Individual Dose	Maximum Number of Applications
Managed amenity turf, lawn, amenity grassland	2.0 litres product per hectare	One per year

Read the label before use. Using this product in a manner that is inconsistent with the label may be an offence. Follow the Code of Practice for Using Plant Protection Products.

## READ DIRECTIONS FOR USE ON ATTACHED LEAFLET.

Manufactured and Registered by:

**Dow AgroSciences Limited**

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Telephone: +44(0)1462 457272

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24 Hour Emergency

Telephone Number: +44 (0) 1553 761 251

Distributed by:

**Everris Limited**

Epsilon House, West Road,

Ipswich, IP3 9FJ

Telephone: +44 (0) 844 80904470

Fax: +44 (0) 1473 237 128

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**TRIPLE RINSE CONTAINER, PUNCTURE AND INVERT TO DRY AT TIME OF USE**

The (COSHH) Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations may apply to the use of this product at work (UK only).